

The Commercial Bank of Kuwait Group Public Disclosures on Net Stable Funding Ratio 30 June 2020



The following qualitative and quantitative public disclosures on Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) are being provided in accordance with Central Bank of Kuwait (CBK) circular no. 2/BS/356/2015 dated 25 October 2015. This disclosure will enable and allow market participants to assess key pieces of information about the stability of the Bank's funding sources and their ability to meet the long term funding needs of the Bank.

The NSFR is a global minimum standard for bank liquidity. It aims to ensure that a bank has an adequate long and medium term funding in order to fund its long and medium term assets. The NSFR is calculated by dividing the amount of Available Stable Funding (ASF) by the amount of Required Stable Funding (RSF). ASF is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable over the time horizon considered by the NSFR, which extends to one year. The amount of RSF is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held by that institution as well as those of its off-balance sheet (OBS) exposures. This ratio should be equal to at least 80% on an ongoing basis.

Different funding sources contribute different percentages to the ASF and similarly different assets need different percentages of stable funding. Essentially funding sources with over one year maturity can be taken in their entirety for ASF and most assets with over one year maturity require 100% funding from ASF.

The Bank's NSFR is at 109.66% on 30 June 2020. The ASF and RSF for the quarter ended 30 June 2020 amounted to KD 2,995,321 thousand and KD 2,731,369 thousand respectively. The ratio reflects that the Bank has adequate amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of required stable funding. Deposits from government entities, deposits from retail customers and equity were the major contributors to ASF.

The Bank holds a balanced mix of funding from the retail and institutional customers. The required amount of stable funding for loans to non financial corporate clients, retail and small business, sovereign and public sector entities is 63.27% of the total required stable funding, whereas exposure to financial institutions is 11.33% of the required stable funding. The NSFR range was between 103.60% and 109.68% during six months period ended 30 June 2020 which reflects that the Bank is maintaining a fairly stable NSFR. The ratio is being monitored by the Risk Management Division of the Bank and is reported to the Senior Management and Board on periodic basis.

A strong and diversified liabilities profile has been at the helm on Bank's growth strategy. The Bank has consistently maintained a robust funding profile with a significant portion of funding coming through deposits. The stability of these deposit sources has been comfortable and the Bank expects the same going forward given the liquidity profile of the Bank.

The Bank has a liquidity risk management policy in place approved by the Board of Directors. The Bank has an internal governance system wherein Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) oversees the liquidity management function. Roles of different divisions with respect to liquidity risk management are clearly specified in the Bank's liquidity risk management policy. The Bank also has an internal limit for NSFR that is more conservative than the regulatory limit.



Table 4: NSFR Common Disclosure Template For the period ended 30 June 2020

| Sr. 1 | Item | Unweighte | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------|--|---------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| 51. | | No specified maturity | Less than 6 months | More than 6 months and less than one year | Over one year | Total weighted value | | | |
| | | KD 000's | | | | | | | |
| Availa | ble Stable Funding (ASF): | | | | | | | | |
| | Capital: | | | | | | | | |
| _ | Regulatory Capital | 761,900 | ,- | - | - | 761,900 | | | |
| | 20.100 | - | - | - | - | -0 | | | |
| 4 | Other Capital Instruments Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Stable deposits | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| 100 | • Less stable deposits | - | 1,094,378 | 40,013 | 4,165 | 1,025,117 | | | |
| | Wholesale funding: | | | | | | | | |
| Mark Hills | Operational deposits | | - | - | - | - | | | |
| | Other wholesale funding | - | 1,945,692 | 181,793 | 276,630 | 1,109,474 | | | |
| | Other liabilities: | | | | | | | | |
| | • NSFR derivative liabilities | | 1,759 | 470 | - | | | | |
| 12 | • All other liabilities not included in the above categories | 73,921 | 79,751 | 1,530 | 98,830 | 98,830 | | | |
| | Total ASF | | | | | 2,995,321 | | | |
| Requi | ired Stable Funding (RSF): | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA) | | | | | 20,578 | | | |
| 15 | Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes | <u>-</u> | | | _ | | | | |
| 16 | Performing loans and securities: | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | • Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 18 | • Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions | - | 1,020,560 | 54,012 | 129,315 | 309,405 | | | |
| 19 | • Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central | | 1 000 020 | 80.605 | 1 147 492 | 1,728,25 | | | |
| | banks and PSEs, of which: | - | 1,080,828 | 80,695 | 1,147,492 | 1,728,2 | | | |

| Sr. | Itam | Unwei | | | | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|-------------|--|----------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | Item | No specifie d maturit | Less than 6 | More than 6 months and less than one year | Over one year | Total weighted value | | |
| | | KD 000's | | | | | | |
| 20 | - With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% as per the Capital Adequacy Ratio – Basel 3 guidelines | - | - | - | - | - | | |
| 21 | Performing residential mortgages, of which: | - | - | - | - " | - | | |
| 22 | - With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the CBK Capital Adequacy Ratio – Basel III Guidelines | <u>-</u> | ∞ ₩ | - | - | | | |
| 23 | • Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange- traded equities | - | - | - | 197,636 | 167,990 | | |
| 24 | Other assets: | | | | | | | |
| 25 | • Physical traded commodities, including gold | - | | | | • | | |
| 26 | Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs | | - | - | - | - | | |
| 27 | NSFR derivative assets | | 495 | 29 | - | - | | |
| 28 | • 20 % of NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted | | 352 | 94 | - | - | | |
| 29 | • All other assets not included in the above categories | - | 27,251 | 13,520 | 258,884 | 279,269 | | |
| 30 | Off-balance sheet items | | 1,662,094 | 241,122 | 678,790 | 129,100 | | |
| 31 | Total RSF | 等型。接 | | | | 2,731,369 109.66% | | |
| 32 | NSFR (%) | | | | Y malti on his | 109.00% | | |

